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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/633,771	08/04/2003	Eric Vivier	A33131-PCT-USA-A	6493
21003 75	90 09/26/2005		EXAMINER	
BAKER & BOTTS			SISSON, BRADLEY L	
30 ROCKEFEL NEW YORK, 1			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			1634	
			DATE MAILED: 09/26/2005	5

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)			
Office Action Summary		10/633,771	VIVIER ET AL.			
		Examiner	Art Unit	,		
		Bradley L. Sisson	1634			
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communications Reply	n appears on the cover sheet w	vith the correspondence ad	ldress		
WHIC - Exter after - If NO - Failu Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR FOHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILINGS of time may be available under the provisions of 37 (SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communicate period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory re to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by reply received by the Office later than three months after the ed patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	NG DATE OF THIS COMMUN CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a on. period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MO statute, cause the application to become A	ICATION. reply be timely filed NTHS from the mailing date of this c BANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status				• •		
1)	Responsive to communication(s) filed on					
2a)□	•	This action is non-final.				
3)	· —		tters, prosecution as to the	e merits is		
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
	·	,,,,,,,	•	<i>i</i>		
Dispositi	on of Claims					
4)🖂	Claim(s) 1-23 is/are pending in the applic	ation.				
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are wi	thdrawn from consideration.		%		
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-3</u> is/are rejected.						
7)⊠ Claim(s) <u>4-23</u> is/are objected to.						
8)□	Claim(s) are subject to restriction	and/or election requirement.		•		
Application Papers						
9)[The specification is objected to by the Exa	aminer.	•	•		
10)	The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)] accepted or b) ☐ objected to	by the Examiner.			
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the			FR 1.121(d).		
11)	The oath or declaration is objected to by	he Examiner. Note the attache	ed Office Action or form P	ГО-152.		
Priority (under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
-	•		C 440(a) (d) ar (f)	•• .		
	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for fo	oreign priority under 35 0.S.C.	9 119(a)-(a) or (i).			
a)	☐ All b)☐ Some * c)☐ None of:	mente have been received				
	1. Certified copies of the priority docu		Application No			
	2. Certified copies of the priority docu3. Copies of the certified copies of the			Stage		
	 Copies of the certified copies of the application from the International E 		ir received in this National	Stage		
* (See the attached detailed Office action for		t received			
	see the attached detailed Office action for	a list of the certified copies no	it received.	.·		
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Attachmen	t(s)					
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 4) Interview Summary (PTO-413)						
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 5) Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)						
	mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/ rr No(s)/Mail Date	SB/08) 5) 1 Notice of 6) 1 Other: _				
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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Objections

8. Claims 4-23 are objected to under 37 CFR 1.75(c) as being in improper form because a multiple dependent claim cannot depend from another multiply dependent claim. See MPEP § 608.01(n). Accordingly, the claims 4-23 not been further treated on the merits.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

- 9. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

 The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.
- 10. Claims 1-3 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.
- 11. Claim 1 is rejected as indefinite because the instantly claimed method lacks a final process step that clearly relates back to the preamble. For the method of claim 1, the preamble of the instantly claimed method is drawn to a method of documenting a repertoire of an NKR immunoreceptors, while the final process step is that of the detection of the possible hybrids formed between DNAs or cDNAs and the 3' and 5' oligonucleotide pairs and it is thus unclear as to whether the instantly claimed method is drawn to method of documenting a repertoire of an NKR immunoreceptors, or rather the detection of the possible hybrids formed between DNAs or cDNAs and the 3' and 5' oligonucleotide pairs. Method claim requires a last step or phrase in the last step that states the accomplishments of the goals for the method, which were stated in the

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method's preamble. Claim 1 lack such a last step' and are confusing because the additional method step is not sufficiently set forth. While minute details are not required in method claims, at least the basic steps must be recited in a positive, active fashion. See *Ex parte* Erlich, 3 USPQ2d101 1, p.101 1 (Bd. Pat. Applicant. Int. 1986). It is suggested that an amended claim more clearly describing the intended steps be submitted.

- 12. Claims 1-3 are rejected over the recitation of the phrases "in particular" on line 7.

 Regarding claim 1, the phrase "in particular" renders the claim indefinite because it is unclear whether the limitations) following the phrase are part of the claimed invention. See MPEP j

 2173.05(d). The metes and bounds of the claims are vague and indefinite.
- 13. Claims 1-3 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention. Regarding claims 1-3, the phrase "capable" on line 15 renders the claim indefinite because it is unclear whether the limitations) following the phrase are part of the claimed invention. See MPEP j 2173.05(d). The metes and bounds of the claims are vague and indefinite. Claims 1-3 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 1 12, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention. Claim 1 is rejected over the recitation of the phrase, "functional counterpart" on line 24. It is not clear whether a biological function is claimed or chemical function is claimed or biochemical function is claimed or all of the above-mentioned functions are claimed. The metes and bounds of the claims are vague and indefinite.
- 14. Claims 1-3 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as

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the invention. Claim 1 is rejected over the recitation of the phrase, CCNKR counterpart" on line 20 and SSNKR receptor counterpart" or IENKR receptor functional counterpart" on lines 22-24. It is not clear how a pair of oligonucleotides hybridizes to a particular DNA and do not hybridize to the same DNA under a fixed condition. The claim is confusing because the positive and negative statements regarding hybridization is not clearly explained and therefore appears to be conflicting and self-contradictory. The metes and bounds of the claims are vague and indefinite.

- 15. Claims 1-3 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 1 12, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention. Claim 1 is rejected over the recitation of the phrase, "the use" on line 12 and "the bringing" on line 25. The metes and bounds of the claims are vague and indefinite.
- 16. Claims 1-3 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention. Claim 1 is rejected over the recitation of the phrase, "approximately" on line 19...
- 17. In the absence of any specific range of approximation, it is not clear what range of temperatures is mentioned here. The metes and bounds of the claims are vague and indefinite.
- 18. Claims 1-3 are indefinite and vague because the claims are written in the passive tense.

 Method claims should recite positive, active process steps, see Ex parte Erlich 3 USPQ 2d 1 01 1

 (BPAI 1986). This rejection may be overcome by amending the claims to recite the active tense, e.g., "providing at least one pair of oligonucleotides..," "hybridizing said DNA or cDNA populations..," and "detecting hybrids formed.."
- Claims 1-3 are indefinite because the claims contain information in parentheses, i.e. (20 mM tris-HCl). Parentheticals make the claims indefinite because it is unclear whether the

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information in the parentheses has the same, less, or more weight as the rest of the claim language. In particular, it is unclear as to whether the claims are inclusive of any buffer or require the use of the specific buffer comprising 20 mM tris-HCl, etc. Similarly, claim 3 is indefinite over the recitations of "(or respectively NKR receptor) and "(or respectively NKR receptor counterpart."

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

20. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 21. Bottino et al. teach in vitro method of documenting a repertoire of NICR immunoreceptors comprising the KIR p58 and the KAR p50 target receptors (Abstract and Introduction, Page 18 16), characterized in that it comprises:
 - a. at least one pair of oligonucleotides, one being designated 3' oligonucleotide and the other 5' oligonucleotide, the 3' and 5' oligonucleotides of the same pair being both capable, under hybridization conditions corresponding to incubation, of hybridizing to the DNA or to the cDNA of a target NKR receptor, or NKR counterpart, but not hybridizing, under the same hybridization condition with the DNA or the cDNA of an NKR receptor counterpart, or respectively of an NKR receptor, functional counterpart of the target receptor (Abstract and Introduction, Page 1816 and MATERIALS AND METHODS

 Section, Identification of PAX molecule-associated transcript Subsection, Page 1820,

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Column 2, to Page 1 822, column 1 and Figure 8). The property of being capable of hybridization to a DNA or cDNA for 1 min in a buffer (20 mM Tris-HCl, pH 8.4; 50 mM KCl; 2.5 mM MgC12) at a temperature of between 50 degree centigrade and 65 degree Centigrade approximately, is inherently present in the primer pairs disclosed by Bottino et al.

- b. mixing the DNA or cDNA populations of a biological sample of human origin for which it is desired to document the repertoire of target immunoreceptors with an excess of at least one 3' and 5' oligonucleotide pair according to (1) under conditions favorable to the hybridization of this 3' and 5' oligonucleotide pair with the DNA or cDNAs of the biological sample (MATERIALS AND METHODS Section, Identification of PAX molecule-associated transcript Subsection, Page 1820, Column 2 to Page 1822, column 1 and Figure 8), and c) the detection of the possible hybrids formed between these DNAs or cDNAs and the 3' and 5' oligonucleotide pairs) (MATERIALS AND METHODS Section, Identification of PAX molecule-associated transcript Subsection, Page 1820, Column 2 to Page 1822, column 1 and Figure 8).
- 22. Bottino et al. teach in vitro method characterized in that at least one of the 3' and 5' oligonucleotide pair hybridizes to the target receptor only, not to the DNA or cDNA of a receptor (Figure 8).
- 23. Bottino et al. teach in vitro method characterized in that the 5' oligonucleotide of the 3' and 5' oligonucleotide pair used for an NKR target receptor hybridizes to the DNA or to the cDNA of an NKR receptor counterpart (Figure 8).

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24. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (a) the invention was known or used by others in this country, or patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country, before the invention thereof by the applicant for a patent.
- 25. Claims 1 -3 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102 (a) as being anticipated by Hiby et al. (Molecular Immunology, (1997), Vol. 34, No. 5, pages 419-430).
- 26. Hiby et al. teach in vitro method of documenting a repertoire of NKR immunoreceptors comprising the KIR p58 and the IQAR p50 target receptors (Abstract and Table 2) characterized in that it comprises'.
 - a. at least one pair of oligonucleotides, one being designated 3' oligonucleotide and the other 5' oligonucleotide, the 3' and 5' oligonucleotides of the same pair being both capable, under hybridization conditions corresponding to incubation, of hybridizing to the DNA or to the cDNA of a target NKR receptor, or target NKR counterpart, but not hybridizing, under the same hybridization condition with the DNA or the cDNA of an NKR receptor counterpart, or respectively of an NKR receptor, functional counterpart of the target receptor (Abstract and Table 3 and Page 425, column 1, second and third paragraph). The property of being capable of hybridization to a DNA or cDNA for 1 min in a buffer [20 mM Tris-HCl, pH 8.4; 50 mM KCl; 2.5 mM MgCl₂] at a temperature of between 50 degree Centigrade and 65 degree Centigrade approximately, is inherently present in the primer pairs disclosed by Bottino et al.
 - b. mixing the DNA or cDNA populations of a biological sample of human origin for which it is desired to document the repertoire of target immunoreceptors with an excess

of at least one 3' and 5' oligonucleotide pair according to (1) under conditions favorable to the hybridization of this 3' and 5' oligonucleotide pair with the DNA or cDNAs of the biological sample (Abstract and Table 3 and Page 423, column 2, last paragraph to page 425, third paragraph and Figure 2), and

- c. the detection of the possible hybrids formed between these DNAS or cDNAs and the 3' and 5' oligonucleotide pair(s) (Abstract and Table 3 and Page 423, column 2, last paragraph to page 425, third paragraph and Figure 2).
- 27. Hiby et al. teach in vitro method characterized in that at least one of the 3' and 5' oligonucleotide pair hybridizes to the target receptor only, not to the DNA or cDNA of a receptor (Page 423, column 2, last paragraph to page 425, third paragraph and Figure 2).
- 28. Hiby et al. teach *in vitro* method characterized in that the 5' oligonucleotide of the 3' and 5' oligonucleotide pair used for an NKR target receptor hybridizes to the DNA or to the cDNA of an NKR receptor counterpart (Page 423, column 2, last paragraph to page 425, third paragraph and Figure 2).

Conclusion

- 29. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Bradley L. Sisson whose telephone number is (571) 272-0751. The examiner can normally be reached on 6:30 a.m. to 5 p.m., Monday through Thursday.
- 30. If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, W. Gary Jones can be reached on (571) 272-0745. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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31. Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Bradley L. Sisson Primary Examiner

B. L. Sinon

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BLS 19 September 2005